

KINDERGARTEN ARCHITECTURE II



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The Children's School

ARCHITECT

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with Ingrid Strong

PROJECT TEAM

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PROJECT SUPPORT

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STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

Richmond So, PE

MEP ENGINEER

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Inc.

GREEN/LEED CONSULTING

The Green Roundtable, Inc

LOCATION

New Haven, USA

AREA

1,394 m²

PHOTOGRAPHER

Chuck Choi

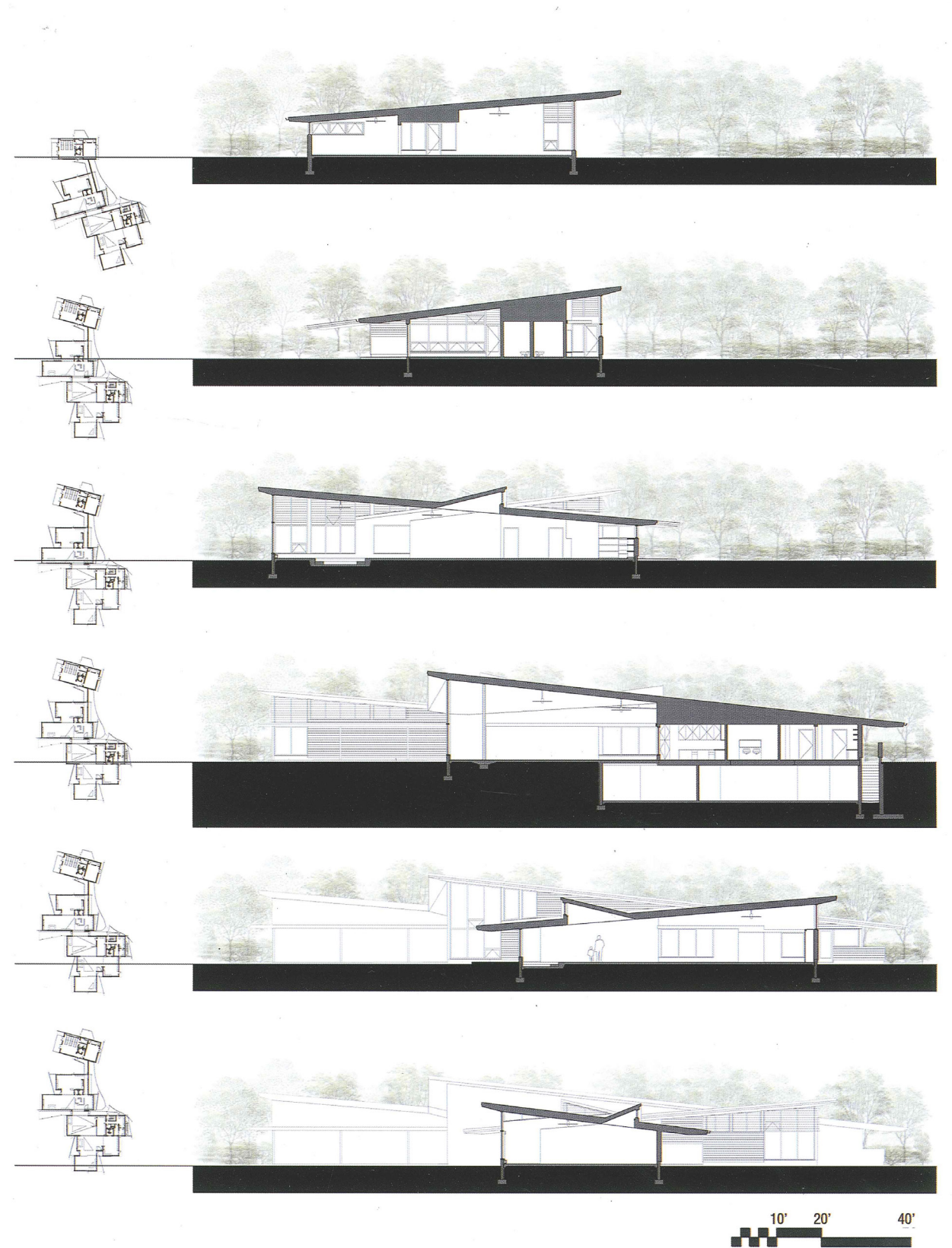
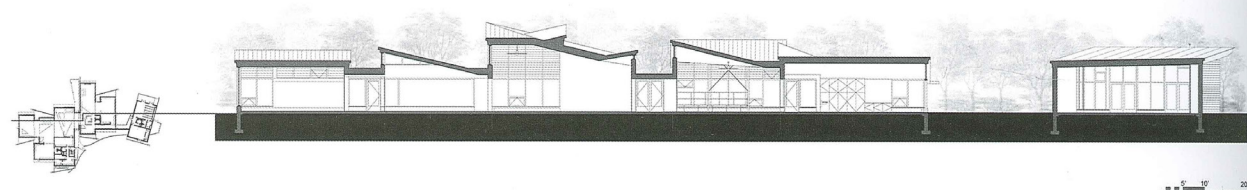
The 1,394m² school, for 120 children ages 2 ~ 8, is conceived by the client as a "one-room schoolhouse". In the design, roof planes subtly tilt against one another to let in light from above between their skewed forms, and classroom spaces below are defined without the use of walls. The scheme creates a fragmented reading of the building which reduces the scale of building and makes it more appropriate to the scale of the child.

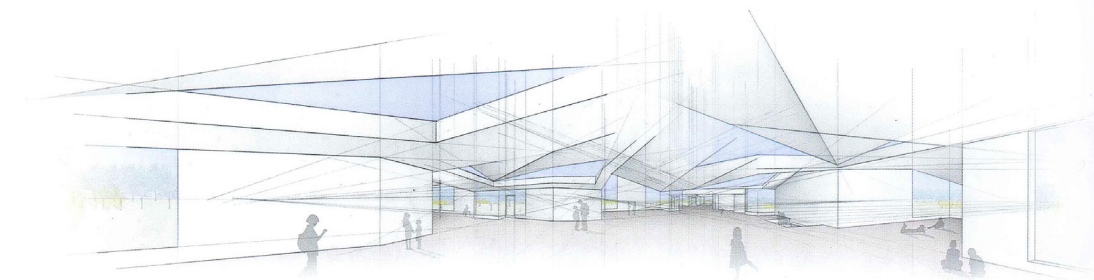
This project is LEED Certified. It treads lightly on the earth while seeking to heighten the students' sense of relationship with the site. The building has a passive solar design with cross-ventilation in order to extend the seasons in which heating and cooling are not necessary. The school opens to the south to take in solar gain. Louvers on the

south and west elevation are used to control the summer sun and dapple and modulate light entering the building. The building is largely slab on grade, so this thermal mass, coupled with the building's orientation to the south, allows for maximum winter sun intake and heat storage.

The palette of natural and regional materials was selected primarily for its durability and sustainability. Interior finishes free of volatile compounds create a learning environment with the best possible air quality. Outdoor, covered spaces act as an extension of the interior learning spaces. The entry area hosts quiet activities that calm the child upon arrival, acting as a space of mediation between the wings of the building.

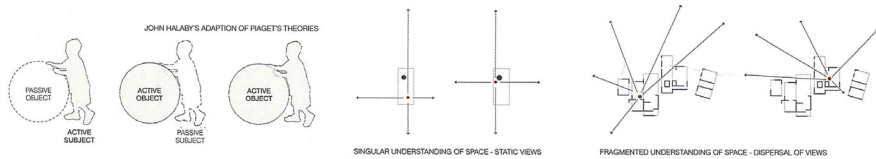






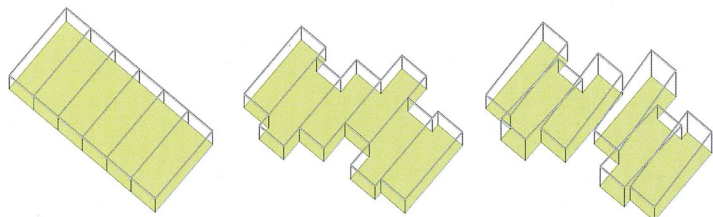
ACTIVE SUBJECT / ACTIVE OBJECT

The non-axial and unfolding nature of the spatial sequence supports an active subject as well as an active object. A complete understanding of the space can only be reached through interactions between the use and his or her passage through the building.



TRANSFORMATION OF THE ONE ROOM SCHOOL HOUSE

The variegated edge allows for a "one-room school house" to offer areas of intimacy and places to explore. Roof planes tilt against one another in order to allow for light from above to penetrate into the thick and otherwise potentially dark plan dictated by the program requirements.





TEMPORAL STUDY OF LIGHT AND USE

Use of the classroom areas will follow the natural course of sunlight during the day, beginning with the younger children in the east wing in the morning and the older students in the west through the afternoon. This distribution of light unifies the one room schoolhouse while defining space without the use of walls.

- AGES 2-5
- AGES 5-8
- TEACHERS/FACULTY

